

# Safety Data Sheet

## 78 Asphalt Cements/Mastics/Coatings



SDS Revision Date:

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### 1. Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**Product Identity** 78 Asphalt Cements/Mastics/Coatings  
**Alternate Names** 78 Asphalt Cements/Mastics/Coatings

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Intended use** See Technical Data Sheet.  
**Application Method** See Technical Data Sheet.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Company Name** Karnak Corporation  
330 Central Ave.  
Clark, NJ 07066 USA  
**Emergency** www.karnakcorp.com  
**CHEMTREC (USA)** (800) 424-9300  
**24 hour Emergency Telephone No.** OUTSIDE THE U.S AND CANADA 1-202-483-7616  
**Customer Service: Karnak Corporation** 1-800-526-4236

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Skin Sens. 1;H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carc. 2;H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
STOT RE 1;H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target Organs: (central nervous system )

#### 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



**Danger**

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H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.  
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **[Prevention]:**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.  
P235 Keep cool.  
P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.  
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.  
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.  
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

### **[Response]:**

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.  
P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.  
P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.  
P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.  
P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).  
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.  
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

### **[Storage]:**

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P405 Store locked up.

### **[Disposal]:**

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

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### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Asphalt (petroleum) CAS Number: 0008052-42-4	50 - 75	Not Classified	[1][2]
Stoddard solvent CAS Number: 0008052-41-3	10 - 25	STOT RE 1;H372 Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1][2]
Kaolin CAS Number: 0001332-58-7	1.0 - 10	Eye Irrit. 2;H319	[1][2]
Cellulose CAS Number: 0009004-34-6	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1][2]
Magnesium aluminium silicate CAS Number: 0012174-11-7	1.0 - 10	Carc. 2;H351	[1]
Styrene-Butadiene polymer CAS Number: 0009003-55-8	0.10 - 1.0	Skin Sens. 1;H317	[1]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

\*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

### 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

##### General

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.  
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin: Moderately irritating.

Ingestion: Abdominal irritation.

Inhalation: If enlivened by primer or heat, over exposure to fume could cause irritation, dizziness.

##### Inhalation

If respiratory discomfort occurs, remove to fresh air. If discomfort continues, administer oxygen and get medical attention.

##### Eyes

Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.

##### Skin

If this product comes in contact with skin, remove material with mineral oil, then wash with soap and plenty of water.

##### Ingestion

If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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### Overview

Pre-existing eye, skin, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to these products. Exposure to high concentrations of fumes may have an anesthetic effect. Possible cancer hazard. Contains an ingredient which may cause cancer based on animal data (See Section 3 and Section 15 for each ingredient). Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

### Skin

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Class "B" dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or other suitable extinguishing material such as dry sand. Do not use halogenated agents. When flames have been eliminated, cover residue with dry extinguishing agent or dry sand and allow it to remain undisturbed until it has cooled. If fire appears to increase in intensity, stop using these agents. Apply Class "D" extinguishing agent or more dry, inert, granular material. Ring fire with extinguishing material and allow the fire to burn out.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbon fragments

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

If the fire does not respond to above agents or they are not available, use foam or water FOG as a last resort. Water may also be used to cool exposed, but not burning, containers. These products may float and be re-ignited on top of water.

Closed containers may explode in a fire. Keep containers cool and remove to a safe location.

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In a confined space, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face-piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area.

ERG Guide No. 130

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill as quickly as possible. Keep flowing material away from heat, sparks, or open flames. Do not smoke near a spill. Use clay (Oil Dry™), sand, earth, etc. to absorb the spill. Put material into a suitable steel drum which can be closed securely.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

The requirements of the Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations apply if the flashpoint is between 21°C and 32°C.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool, dry area, away from heat, sparks and naked flames.

Keep containers sealed when not in use.

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry ventilated area. Maintain package labeling during storage.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation to locations distant from the point of material handling. To prevent fumes from entering buildings or confined areas, close all air intake sources near the material handling or the work area. To prevent ignition, avoid smoking, keep away from heat, open flames and sources of static or electrical sparking. Use explosion proof motors and equipment. Tank trucks or other containers should be grounded and/or bonded when the material is transferred.

Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapors or spray mists. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Adhere to good hygienic practices. Avoid open flames. Use with adequate ventilation.

Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight and away from heat, sparks, and flame.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

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### 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

##### Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0001332-58-7	Kaolin	OSHA	TWA 15 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		ACGIH	TWA: 2 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 290 mg/m3 STEL: 580 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 350 mg/m3 C 1800 mg/m3 [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	TWA: 0.5 mg/m3 2B
		NIOSH	Ca C 5 mg/m3 [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0009003-55-8	Styrene-Butadiene polymer	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0009004-34-6	Cellulose	OSHA	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		ACGIH	TWA: 10 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0012174-11-7	Magnesium aluminium silicate	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

#### Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0001332-58-7	Kaolin	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No

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		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0009003-55-8	Styrene-Butadiene polymer	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;
0009004-34-6	Cellulose	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0012174-11-7	Magnesium aluminium silicate	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Respiratory

In case of burning material, use SCAB.

#### Eyes

Safety glasses or face shield for liquid material.

#### Skin

Protective clothing as necessary to prevent wetting of the skin. Solvent-resistant gloves.

#### Engineering Controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### Other Work Practices

Long sleeves and impervious clothing to protect against splashing.  
Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Dark Liquid

#### Odor

Mild Petroleum

#### Odor threshold

Not Measured

#### pH

Not Measured

#### Melting point / freezing point

NA

#### Initial boiling point and boiling range

300-350F

#### Flash Point

(PMCC): 104F min.

#### Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)

(Butyl Acetate=1)@77F: 0.2

#### Flammability (solid, gas)

Not Applicable

#### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

**Lower Explosive Limit:** Not Measured

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Vapor pressure (Pa)	Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured
Vapor Density	3
Specific Gravity	(Air=1): > 4
Solubility in Water	(H2O=1): 0.8 - 1.2
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Insoluble
Auto-ignition temperature	Not Measured
Decomposition temperature	Not Measured
Viscosity (cSt)	Not Measured

### 9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbon fragments

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.



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Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Asphalt (petroleum) - (8052-42-4)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Stoddard solvent - (8052-41-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Kaolin - (1332-58-7)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Cellulose - (9004-34-6)	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 5	2,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	No data available	No data available	No data available
Magnesium aluminium silicate - (12174-11-7)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Styrene-Butadiene polymer - (9003-55-8)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	---	Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	---	Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	---	Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Skin sensitization	1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	---	Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	2	Suspected of causing cancer.
Reproductive toxicity	---	Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	---	Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	---	Not Applicable

## 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive

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1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

### Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Asphalt (petroleum) - (8052-42-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Stoddard solvent - (8052-41-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Kaolin - (1332-58-7)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Cellulose - (9004-34-6)	100.00, Fish (Piscis)	Not Available	Not Available
Magnesium aluminium silicate - (12174-11-7)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Styrene-Butadiene polymer - (9003-55-8)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Bury in an approved landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations. Empty containers that have been completely emptied and the residue allowed to dry are not considered hazardous waste.

## 14. Transport information

	DOT (Domestic Ground Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA
<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN1999	UN1999	UN1999
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	Not regulated, non-bulk	Tars, liquid including road oils and cutback bitumens	Tars, liquid including road oils and cutback bitumens

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<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	<b>IMDG: 3</b>	<b>Air Class: 3</b>
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	III EmS No. F-E, S-E	III
<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>	<b>IMDG: Marine Pollutant: No</b>	<b>Air Class: 3</b>
<b>14.6. Special precautions for user</b>	ERG Guide 130	ERG Guide 130

### 15. Regulatory information

<b>Regulatory Overview</b>	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.
<b>Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)</b>	All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.
<b>WHMIS Classification</b>	B3 D2A
<b>US EPA Tier II Hazards</b>	<b>Fire:</b> Yes <b>Sudden Release of Pressure:</b> No <b>Reactive:</b> No <b>Immediate (Acute):</b> Yes <b>Delayed (Chronic):</b> Yes

#### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Magnesium aluminium silicate

#### Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

Cellulose

Kaolin

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Stoddard solvent

### Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

Cellulose

Kaolin

Stoddard solvent

## 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.**

Disclaimer: This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The information has been completed to the best of our knowledge and is believed to be accurate and reliable as from the date indicated. However, no warranty is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

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